



Net.Storm is hardware based impairments generator, equipped with double GbE ports, battery operated, fast and full-featured, can emulate the dynamics of real Ethernet / IP networks in terms of packet impairments.

**ALBEDO Net.Storm** 

ALBEDO Net.Storm generates degradations typical packet network to emulate -in a 100% controlled environment- the impairments of actual Ethernet / IP systems. Ideal to verify the tolerance and the quality of Video, AUdio or Data applications either working in development laboratories or directly connected to commercial networks.

### 1. Ports and Interfaces

- Dual RJ-45 port for electrical connection 10/100/1000BASE-T
- Dual optical and electrical SFPs ports operating up to 1 Gb/s
- SFP interfaces including: 10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, 100BASE-FX, 1000BASE-T, 1000BASE-SX, 1000BASE-LX

#### 1.1 Formats and Protocols

- Ethernet frame: IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.1Q
- IP packet: IPv4 (IETF RFC 791)
- Jumbo frames: up to 10 kB MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit)
- Throughput between measurement ports: 1 Gb/s or 1,500,000 frames/s in each direction
- 1.2 Configuration
  - Configurable MTU size
- 2. Filters
  - One filter for background traffic processing and up to 15 fully configurable and independent filters
  - User-configurable filters defined by field contents on Ethernet, IP, UDP and TCP headers
  - Agnostic filters defined by 16-bit masks and user defined offset
  - **Ethernet Selection**
  - By source and destination MAC addresses. Selection of MAC address sets with masks
  - By Type / Length value with selection mask
  - By VID with selection mask
  - By VLAN priority codepoint value with selection mask
  - **IPv4 Selection**
  - Selection by IPv4 source or destination address. It is possible to select address sets by using masks
  - Selection by protocol
  - Selection by DSCP value
  - TCP / UDP Selection
  - Selection by *TCP or UDP port*. Either as a single value or a range Statistics
  - Accepted and dropped frame counters for each configured filter

## 3. Switch Simulation

- 3.1 Bandwidth Policing
  - Sustainable rate set up from 0 to 100%, defined in frames/s and burst size in number of frames

- Sustainable rate 0-100% (bits/s) and burst size (bytes)
- Policing filter for bandwidth control. Based on a token bucket which is defined with two parameters

   (a) sustainable rate (frames/s),
  - (b) depth (frames) or how much traffic is allowed to pass through when the rate is above sustainable
- Not conforming frames are dropped

#### 3.2 Bandwidth Shaping

- Sustainable rate set up from 0 to 100%, defined in frames/s and burst size in number of frames
- Sustainable rate 0-100% (bits/s) and burst size (bytes)
- Shaping filter for bandwidth control. Based on a token bucket algorithm is defined with two parameters

   (a) sustainable rate (frames/s),
- (b) depth (frames) that determines the traffic allowed to pass-through when the rate is above sustainable
- Not conforming frames are delayed

## 4. Event Insertion

- Events are implemented at Ethernet layer
- Independent event insertion in every single flow identified in the main stream
- Events: Frame loss, delay, frame duplication, errored frames
- Maximum process time caused by event insertion: 10 μs
- 4.1 Frame Delay and Jitter
  - Fixed Delay From 10µs to 60s
    - Deterministic delays: defined as a single Delay (ms)
  - Random delays with uniform distribution: defined with a Minimum and a Maximum delay (ms)
  - Random delays with exponential distribution: defined with a Mean (ms) and a Minimum delay (ms)
  - Worst case max. delay (1 Gb/s traffic load and 64 byte frame): 20 ms

Metric	Minimum	Maximum
Delay	0 ms	60 s
Minimum Delay	0 ms	60 ms
Maximum Delay	0 ms	60 ms
Average Delay	0 ms	60 ms
Rate	0 frames/s	1,500,000 frames/s
Maximum burst size	0 frames	32767 frames

- 4.2 Packet Loss
  - Single loss insertion
  - Constant loss defined by a probability
  - Random loss defined by a probability
  - Random loss defined by the two-state model of Gilbert-Elliot which is configured by

atasheet

Updated on 23/12/15

## Datasheet - ALBEDO Net.Storm

(a) the probability of packet loss during a period of high losses (b) probability of packet loss during a period of low losses (c) average length of high losses (in frames)

- (d) the average separation between high-loss events in frames
- Burst loss: defined as event duration, and number of packets affected.
- Periodic burst loss: defined with a burst duration, and the separation between two consecutive bursts. Both parameters can be defined using as units either the number of frames or time duration

Metric	Minimum	Maximum
Burst length	0 minutes	30 minutes
Burst length	0 frames	32737 frames
Burst separation	0 minutes	30 minutes
Burst separation	0 minutes	30 minutes
Rate	0 frames/s	1,500,000 frames/s
Maximum burst size	0 frames	32767 frames
Loss probability	0%	99.99%
Alternative loss prob.	0%	99.99%
Mean length	1 frame	16383 frames
Mean alt. length	1 frame	16383 frames

### 4.3 Frame Duplication

- Single duplication event insertion
- Random duplication defined by a probability.

Metric	Minimum	Maximum
Duplication prob.	0 %	99.99 %

#### 4.4 Errored Frames

- Single errored frame event insertion
- Random errored frames defined by a probability.

Metric	Minimum	Maximum
Frame error prob.	0 %	99.99 %

# 5. Results

- Auto-negotiation results: current bit rate, duplex mode, interface
- SFP presence, vendor, and part number
- Separate traffic statistics for each port
- Separate statistics for transmit and receive directions
   Frame counts: Ethernet, and IEEE 802.1Q (VLAN), control frames
- Frame counts: unicast, multicast and broadcast
- Basic error analysis: FCS errors, undersized frames, oversized frames, • fragments, jabbers
- Size counts: 64, 65-127, 128-255, 256-511, 512-1023, 1024-1518 bytes Byte counts: Port A (Tx / Rx) and Port B (Tx / Rx)
- Traffic counters follow RFC 2819

## 6. Platform

- 6.1 **Ergonomics** 
  - Size 223 x 144 x 65 mm ٠
  - Weight: 1.0 kg (with rubber boot, one battery pack)
  - 4.3 inch TFT colour screen (480 x 272 pixels)

## 6.2 Graphical User Interface

- GUI controlled by Touch-screen, Keyboard or Mouse
- Direct configuration and management in graphical mode
- User interface by touch-screen, keyboard and mouse Full remote control with VNC •
- •
- Configuration up/down through Internet, USB and SNMP
- Local management with CLI
- Full remote control: SNMP, SSH, VNC
- 6.3 **Results** 
  - Local storage in txt and pdf files
  - File transfer to SD card and USB port
  - File management through web interface and SNMP
- 6.4 **Board** 
  - 2 x USB ports

C | A

z

ш

Ц Ц

z

0

ပ

- 6.5 Batteries
  - Up to 22 hours of operation in E1 (with two packs)
  - Up to 10 hours of operation in Ethernet (with two packs)
- 6.6 **Operational Ranges**

• 1 x RJ45 port

2 x LEDs

- IP rating: 54
- Operational range: -10°C to +50°C

Software upgrade through USB port

- Storage range: -20°C to +70°C
  Operation humidity: 5% 95%

Li Ion Polymer